

Exercise S3

Complete the sentences choosing a suitable Infinitive phrase from the list below.

how to phrase, how to keep, which to choose, where to put, what to say, when to come, whether to stay here or go back

1. He asked his mother _____ back.
2. There were a lot of books on the shelves. We didn't know _____.
3. We were not sure _____.
4. I didn't know _____ the baby warm.
5. I was helping her to put away the clean linen. She was telling me _____ it.
6. He did not know _____ his faith in her.
7. I'm so bewildered, I don't know _____.

Exercise 54

Use the Introductory Infinitive phrases according to the sense.

1. He contributed to the bankruptcy of the firm, _____.
- 2- _____, the two parties came to terms at last.
3. I am not quite satisfied with the terms of the agreement, _____.
4. _____, he did not only lose all his money but also all his property.
5. _____, mastering a foreign language is hard work.
6. **Thai** man speaks most European languages, _____ English.
7. He is **not the** most considerate son, _____.

Exercise 55

Translate the sentences containing the Indefinite Infinitive in various functions.

1. One had *to learn* English to join the twentieth century.
2. In many countries English is the top priority foreign language *to be learned* at school.
3. Modern English is the primary international language used in diplomacy though it used *to be* French.
4. The spread of the English language makes the spread of wildfire *look* slow.
5. The implication of the events was *to be* understood later.

6. One's gains and losses are not always *to be measured* in terms of money.
7. When Julius Caesar, later *to be* Roman Emperor, invaded Britain, the Celtic tribes lived in the British Isles.
8. The most famous person *to write* in English in the period of 'Renaissance' in Europe was William Shakespeare.
9. *To hear* him talk is an education in itself.
10. The desire *to write* was dominant in Martin.
11. She returned to her motherland never *to leave* it again.
12. Byron wrote: "I awoke one morning *to find* myself famous".
13. If the reform was *to come* at all, it could *come* only from the top.
14. There was much *to be said* for the idea.
15. A blind man would *be glad to see*. (proverb)
16. All truths are not *to be told*, (proverb)

Exercise 56

Put the verbs in the brackets in the active or passive Indefinite Infinitive form.

1. He is too young (judge).
2. I've known quite a number of foreigners who (not **hard** **acquire**) an Oxford accent.
3. Did you see him (come) to work? **He can't (find) any when**.
4. You will never hear an Englishman (complain) **to a Stranget**.
5. Citizens must (make) (respect) laws.
6. Why not (sum) up the idea?
7. With the Romans gone, Britain began (invade) from all sides.
8. "Blessed is he who expects nothing, for he shall never (disappoint)".
9. Children should (see) and not (hear).
10. It is better (give) than (give).
11. Why (invent) a common language?
12. The decision made is never too late (change).
13. Don't (judge), and you won't (judge).
14. Men are not (measure) with inches.
15. What is done cannot (undo).
16. I like (read) but I still like (read), especially plays.